

Technical Committee and Assessors Panel

CREST Practitioner Security Analyst And CREST Registered Tester Technical Syllabus

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Document Review

Reviewer	Position
Chair	Technical Committee / Assessors Panel
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1 Introduction

The technical syllabus identifies at a high level the technical skills and knowledge that CREST expects candidates to possess for the CREST Practitioner Security Analyst (CPSA) and Crest Registered Tester (CRT) examinations.

CREST Practitioner Security Analyst (CPSA)

 The (CPSA) Crest Practitioner Security Analyst examination tests candidates' knowledge in assessing operating systems and common network services at a level below that of the CRT and main CCT qualifications.

Success will confer CREST Practitioner Security Analyst status to the individual.

CREST Registered Tester (CRT)

The (CRT) Crest Registered Tester examination tests candidates' knowledge in assessing operating
systems and common network services for intermediate level below that of the main CCT
qualifications. The CRT examination also includes an intermediate level of web application security
testing and methods to identify common web application security vulnerabilities.

The examination covers a common set of core skills and knowledge, the candidate must demonstrate that they can perform an infrastructure and web application vulnerability scan using commonly available tools; and interpret the results. Success combined with valid CPSA certification will confer CREST Registered Tester status to the individual.

2 Certification Examination Structure

CREST Practitioner Security Analyst (CPSA)

The Certification Examination has one component: a written paper. The written paper consists of a set of multiple choice questions.

The *Notes for Candidates (CPSA)* document for the Certification Examinations provides further information regarding the Certification Examinations in general.

CREST Registered Tester (CRT)

The Certification Examination has one component: a practical assessment which is examined using multiple choice answers. The practical assessment tests candidates' hands-on penetration testing methodology and skills against reference networks, hosts and applications.

The *Notes for Candidates (CRT)* document for the Certification Examinations provides further information regarding the Certification Examinations in general and the skill areas that will be assessed within the practical components.

3 Syllabus Structure

The syllabus is divided into ten knowledge groups (Appendices A to J below), each of which is subdivided into specific skill areas.

For each skill area, CREST has indicated where and how the area will be assessed: in which Certification Examination (CPSA or CRT) and in which component (Written Multiple Choice or Practical).

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Within the tables, the following acronyms apply:

CPSA CREST Practitioner Security Analyst

CRT CREST Registered Tester Core Examination

MC Written Multiple Choice

P Practical

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Appendix A: Soft Skills and Assessment Management

ID	Skill	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
A1	A1 Engagement Lifecycle	Benefits and utility of penetration testing to the client.	MC	N/A
		Structure of penetration testing, including the relevant processes and procedures.		
		Concepts of infrastructure testing and application testing, including black box and white box formats.		
		Project closure and debrief		
A2	Law &	Knowledge of pertinent UK legal issues:	MC	N/A
	Compliance	Computer Misuse Act 1990		
		Human Rights Act 1998		
		Data Protection Act 1998		
		Police and Justice Act 2006		
		Impact of this legislation on penetration testing activities.		
		Awareness of sector-specific regulatory issues.		
А3	Scoping	Understanding client requirements.	MC	N/A
		Scoping project to fulfil client requirements.		
		Accurate timescale scoping.		
		Resource planning.		
A4	Understanding Explaining and	Knowledge of additional risks that penetration testing can present.	МС	N/A
	Managing Risk	Levels of risk relating to penetration testing, the usual outcomes of such risks materialising and how to mitigate the risks.		
		Effective planning for potential DoS conditions.		
A5	Record Keeping,	Understanding reporting requirements.	МС	N/A
	Interim Reporting & Final Results	Understanding the importance of accurate and structured record keeping during the engagement.		

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Appendix B: Core Technical Skills

Skill	Details	How Examined	
		CPSA	CRT
IP Protocols	IP protocols: IPv4 and IPv6, TCP, UDP and ICMP.	MC	N/A
	Awareness that other IP protocols exist.		
Network Architectures	Varying networks types that could be encountered during a penetration test:	MC	N/A
	CAT 5 / Fibre		
	• 10/100/1000baseT		
	Token ring		
	• Wireless (802.11)		
	Security implications of shared media, switched media and VLANs.		
Network Mapping & Target Identification	Analysis of output from tools used to map the route between the engagement point and a number of targets.	MC	Р
	Network sweeping techniques to prioritise a target list and the potential for false negatives.		
Interpreting Tool Output	Interpreting output from port scanners, network sniffers and other network enumeration tools.	MC	Р
Filtering Avoidance Techniques	The importance of egress and ingress filtering, including the risks associated with outbound connections.	МС	N/A
OS Fingerprinting	Remote operating system fingerprinting; active and passive techniques.	MC	Р
Application Fingerprinting and Evaluating	Determining server types and network application versions from application banners.	МС	Р
Unknown Services	Evaluation of responsive but unknown network applications.		
Network Access Control Analysis	Reviewing firewall rule bases and network access control lists.	МС	N/A
	IP Protocols Network Architectures Network Mapping & Target Identification Interpreting Tool Output Filtering Avoidance Techniques OS Fingerprinting Application Fingerprinting and Evaluating Unknown Services Network Access	IP Protocols IP protocols: IPv4 and IPv6, TCP, UDP and ICMP. Awareness that other IP protocols exist. Varying networks types that could be encountered during a penetration test: • CAT 5 / Fibre • 10/100/1000baseT • Token ring • Wireless (802.11) Security implications of shared media, switched media and VLANs. Network Mapping & Target Identification Analysis of output from tools used to map the route between the engagement point and a number of targets. Network sweeping techniques to prioritise a target list and the potential for false negatives. Interpreting Tool Output Interpreting output from port scanners, network sniffers and other network enumeration tools. Filtering Avoidance Techniques OS Fingerprinting Remote operating system fingerprinting; active and passive techniques. Application Fingerprinting and Evaluating Unknown Services Reviewing firewall rule bases and network serviews and network applications. Reviewing firewall rule bases and network	IP Protocols IP protocols: IPv4 and IPv6, TCP, UDP and ICMP. Awareness that other IP protocols exist. Network Architectures Varying networks types that could be encountered during a penetration test: • CAT 5 / Fibre • 10/100/1000baseT • Token ring • Wireless (802.11) Security implications of shared media, switched media and VLANs. Network Mapping & Target Identification Network sweeping techniques to prioritise a target list and the potential for false negatives. Interpreting Tool Output Interpreting output from port scanners, network sniffers and other network enumeration tools. Filtering Avoidance Techniques OS Fingerprinting Remote operating system fingerprinting; active and passive techniques. Application Fingerprinting and Evaluating Unknown Services Network Access Reviewing firewall rule bases and network MC MC MC MC MC MC MC MC MC MC

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ID	Skill	Details	How Ex	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT	
B11	Cryptography	Differences between encryption and encoding.	MC	N/A	
		Symmetric / asymmetric encryption			
		Encryption algorithms: DES, 3DES, AES, RSA, RC4.			
		Hashes: SHA1 and MD5			
		Message Integrity codes: HMAC			
B12	Applications of	SSL, IPsec, SSH, PGP	MC	N/A	
	Cryptography	Common wireless (802.11) encryption protocols: WEP, WPA, TKIP			
B13	File System Permissions	File permission attributes within Unix and Windows file systems and their security implications.	MC	Р	
		Analysing registry ACLs.			
B14	Audit Techniques	Listing processes and their associated network sockets (if any).	MC	N/A	
		Assessing patch levels.			
		Finding interesting files.			

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Appendix C: Background Information Gathering & Open Source

ID	Skill	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
C1	Registration Records	Information contained within IP and domain registries (WHOIS).	MC	N/A
C2	Domain Name Server (DNS)	DNS queries and responses	MC	Р
	Server (DNS)	DNS zone transfers		
		Structure, interpretation and analysis of DNS records:		
		• SOA		
		• MX		
		• TXT		
		• A		
		• NS		
		• PTR		
		• HINFO		
		• CNAME		
C3	Customer Web Site Analysis	Analysis of information from a target web site, both from displayed content and from within the HTML source.	MC	N/A
C4	Google Hacking and Web Enumeration	Effective use of search engines and other public data sources to gain information about a target.	MC	N/A
C5	NNTP Newsgroups and Mailing Lists	Searching newsgroups or mailing lists for useful information about a target.	MC	N/A
C6	Information Leakage from Mail & News Headers	Analysing news group and e-mail headers to identify internal system information.	MC	N/A

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Appendix D: Networking Equipment

ID	ID Skill Details		How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
D1	Management Protocols	Weaknesses in the protocols commonly used for the remote management of devices:	MC	Р
		Telnet		
		Web based protocols		
		• SSH		
		 SNMP (covering network information enumeration and common attacks against Cisco configurations) 		
		• TFTP		
		Cisco Reverse Telnet		
		• NTP		
D2	Network Traffic	Techniques for local network traffic analysis.	MC	N/A
	Analysis	Analysis of network traffic stored in PCAP files.		
D3	Networking Protocols	Security issues relating to the networking protocols:	MC	Р
		• ARP		
		• DHCP		
		• CDP		
		• HSRP		
		• VRRP		
		• VTP		
		• STP		
		TACACS+		
D4	IPSec	Enumeration and fingerprinting of devices running IPSec services.	MC	N/A
D5	VoIP	Enumeration and fingerprinting of devices running VoIP services.	MC	N/A
		Knowledge of the SIP protocol.		

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ID	Skill	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
D6	Wireless	Enumeration and fingerprinting of devices running Wireless (802.11) services.	MC	N/A
		Knowledge of various options for encryption and authentication, and the relative methods of each.		
		• WEP		
		• TKIP		
		WPA/WPA2		
		EAP/LEAP/PEAP		
D7	Configuration Analysis	Analysing configuration files from the following types of Cisco equipment:	МС	N/A
		Routers		
		Switches		
		Interpreting the configuration of other manufacturers' devices.		

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Appendix E: Microsoft Windows Security Assessment

ID	Skill	Details	How Ex	amined
			CPSA	CRT
E1	Domain Reconnaissance	Identifying domains/workgroups and domain membership within the target network.	MC	Р
		Identifying key servers within the target domains.		
		Identifying and analysing internal browse lists.		
		Identifying and analysing accessible SMB shares		
E2	User Enumeration	Identifying user accounts on target systems and domains using NetBIOS, SNMP and LDAP.	MC	Р
E3	Active Directory	Active Directory Roles (Global Catalogue, Master Browser, FSMO)	MC	Р
		Reliance of AD on DNS and LDAP		
		Group Policy (Local Security Policy)		
E4	Windows Passwords	Password policies (complexity, lockout policies)	MC	N/A
		Account Brute Forcing		
		Hash Storage (merits of LANMAN, NTLMv1 / v2)		
		Offline Password Analysis (rainbow tables / hash brute forcing)		

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ID	Skill	ill Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
	Windows Vulnerabilities		MC	Р
		Knowledge of local windows privilege escalation vulnerabilities and techniques.		
		Knowledge of common post exploitation activities:		
		obtain password hashes, both from the local SAM and cached credentials		
		obtaining locally-stored clear-text passwords		
		crack password hashes		
		check patch levels		
		derive list of missing security patches		
		reversion to previous state		
E6	Windows Patch Management	Knowledge of common windows patch management strategies:	MC	N/A
	Strategies	• SMS		
		• SUS		
		• WSUS		
		MBSA		
E7	Desktop Lockdown	Knowledge and understanding of techniques to break out of a locked down Windows desktop / Citrix environment.	MC	N/A
		Privilege escalation techniques.		
E8	Exchange	Knowledge of common attack vectors for Microsoft Exchange Server.	MC	N/A
E9	Common Windows Applications	Knowledge of significant vulnerabilities in common windows applications for which there is public exploit code available.	MC	Р



Appendix F: Unix Security Assessment

ID	Skill	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
F1	User enumeration	Discovery of valid usernames from network services commonly running by default:	MC	Р
		• rusers		
		• rwho		
		• SMTP		
		• finger		
		Understand how finger daemon derives the information that it returns, and hence how it can be abused.		
F2	Unix vulnerabilities	Recent or commonly-found Solaris vulnerabilities, and in particular those for which there is exploit code in the public domain.	MC	Р
		Recent or commonly-found Linux vulnerabilities, and in particular those for which there is exploit code in the public domain.		
		Use of remote exploit code and local exploit code to gain root access to target host		
		Common post-exploitation activities:		
		 exfiltrate password hashes 		
		 crack password hashes 		
		check patch levels		
		derive list of missing security patches		
		reversion to previous state		
F3	FTP	FTP access control	MC	Р
		Anonymous access to FTP servers		
		Risks of allowing write access to anonymous users.		
F4	Sendmail / SMTP	Valid username discovery via EXPN and VRFY	МС	Р
		Awareness of recent Sendmail vulnerabilities; ability to exploit them if possible		
		Mail relaying		

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ID	Skill	Details	How Ex	amined
			CPSA	CRT
F5	Network File System (NFS)	NFS security: host level (exports restricted to particular hosts) and file level (by UID and GID). Root squashing, nosuid and noexec options.	MC	Р
		File access through UID and GID manipulation.		
F6	R* services	Berkeley r* service:	MC	Р
		 access control (/etc/hosts.equiv and .rhosts) 		
		trust relationships		
		Impact of poorly-configured trust relationships.		
F7	X11	X Windows security and configuration; host-based vs. user-based access control.	MC	Р
F8	RPC services	RPC service enumeration	MC	Р
		Common RPC services		
		Recent or commonly-found RPC service vulnerabilities.		
F9	SSH	Identify the types and versions of SSH software in use	MC	Р
		Securing SSH		
		Versions 1 and 2 of the SSH protocol		
		Authentication mechanisms within SSH		

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Appendix G: Web Technologies

ID	Skill	Details	How Ex	amined
			CPSA	CRT
G1	Web Server Operation	How a web server functions in terms of the client/server architecture.	MC	Р
		Concepts of virtual hosting and web proxies.		
G2	Web Servers & their Flaws	Common web servers and their fundamental differences and vulnerabilities associated with them:	MC	Р
		• IIS		
		Apache (and variants)		
G3	Web Enterprise	Design of tiered architectures.	MC N/	N/A
	Architectures	The concepts of logical and physical separation.		
		Differences between presentation, application and database layers.		
G4	Web Protocols	Web protocols: HTTP, HTTPS, SOAP.	MC	Р
		All HTTP web methods and response codes.		
		HTTP Header Fields relating to security features		
G5	Web Mark-up Languages	Web mark-up languages: HTML and XML.	МС	N/A
G6	Web Programming Languages	Common web programming languages: JSP, ASP, PHP, CGI based Perl and JavaScript.	МС	N/A
G7	Web Application Servers	Vulnerabilities in common application frameworks, servers and technologies: .NET, J2EE, Coldfusion, Ruby on Rails and AJAX.	МС	Р
G8	Web APIs	Application interfaces: CGI, ISAPI filters and Apache modules.	МС	N/A
G9	Web Sub- Components	Web architecture sub-components: Thin/Thick web clients, servlets and applets, Active X.	МС	N/A
		Flash Application Testing		
		.Net Thick Clients		
		Java Applets		
		Decompilation of client-side code		

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Appendix H: Web Testing Methodologies

ID	Skill	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
H1	Web Application Reconnaissance	Benefits of performing application reconnaissance.	MC	N/A
		Discovering the structure of web applications.		
		Methods to identify the use of application components defined in G1 to G9.		
H2	Threat Modelling and Attack	Simple threat modelling based on customer perception of risk.	МС	N/A
	Vectors	Relate functionality offered by the application to potential attack vectors.		
H3	Information Gathering from Web Mark-up	Examples of the type of information available in web page source that may prove useful to an attacker:	MC	N/A
		Hidden Form Fields		
		Database Connection Strings		
		Credentials		
		Developer Comments		
		Other included files		
		Authenticated-only URLs		
H4	Authentication Mechanisms	Common pitfalls associated with the design and implementation of application authentication mechanisms.	MC	N/A
H5	Authorisation Mechanisms	Common pitfalls associated with the design and implementation of application authorisation mechanisms.	MC	N/A
H6	Input Validation	The importance of input validation as part of a defensive coding strategy.	MC	N/A
		How input validation can be implemented and the differences between white listing, black listing and data sanitisation.		
H8	Information Disclosure in Error Messages	How error messages may indicate or disclose useful information.	МС	N/A
H9	Use of Cross Site Scripting Attacks	Potential implications of a cross site scripting vulnerability.	MC	N/A
		Ways in which the technique can be used to benefit an attacker.		

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ID	Skill	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
H10	Use of Injection Attacks	Potential implications of injection vulnerabilities:	MC	N/A
		SQL injection		
		LDAP injection		
		Code injection		
		XML injection		
		Ways in which these techniques can be used to benefit an attacker.		
H11	Session Handling	Common pitfalls associated with the design and implementation of session handling mechanisms.	МС	N/A
H12	Encryption	Common techniques used for encrypting data in transit and data at rest, either on the client or server side. Identification and exploitation of Encoded values (e.g. Base64) and Identification and exploitation of Cryptographic values (e.g. MD5 hashes) Identification of common SSL vulnerabilities	MC	N/A
H13	Source Code Review	Common techniques for identifying and reviewing deficiencies in the areas of security.	MC	N/A

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Appendix I: Web Testing Techniques

ID	Skill	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
I1	Web Site Structure Discovery	Spidering tools and their relevance in a web application test for discovering linked content. Forced browsing techniques to discover default or unlinked content. •Identification of functionality within client-side code	МС	Р
12	Cross Site Scripting Attacks	Arbitrary JavaScript execution. Using Cross Site Scripting techniques to obtain sensitive information from other users. Phishing techniques.	MC	Р
13	SQL Injection	Determine the existence of an SQL injection condition in a web application. Determine the existence of a blind SQL injection condition in a web application. Exploit SQL injection to enumerate the database and its structure. Exploit SQL injection to execute commands on the target server.	MC	Р
16	Parameter Manipulation	Parameter manipulation techniques, particularly the use of client side proxies.	МС	Р

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Appendix J: Databases

ID	Skill Deta	Details	How Examined	
			CPSA	CRT
J1	Microsoft SQL Server	Knowledge of common attack vectors for Microsoft SQL Server. Understanding of privilege escalation and attack techniques for a system compromised via database connections.	MC	Р
J2	Oracle RDBMS	Derivation of version and patch information from hosts running Oracle software. Default Oracle accounts.	MC	Р
J3	Web / App / Database Connectivity	Common databases (MS SQL server, Oracle, MySQL and Access) and the connection and authentication methods used by web applications.	MC	Р

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